StarView									
Visible Obj	ect Listing for:								
April 15,	April 15, Local Time (Z-4): Lat:			Minimum Criteria:					
2017	21:30	41.5	Elev: 5° / Mag						
	Sidereal Time:	Lon:	Sep: 10 arcmii	n / Size: 2					
	09:41	-81.5	arcsec						
	Name	Con	Type	Mag	Sep/Size	Elev			
Little Fish		Aur	<b>Open Cluster</b>	4.5	30x75 arcmin	<b>39°</b>			
kappa Boot	tes - Asellus Tertius	Boo	Double Star	4.5, 6.6	13.4 arcsec	44°			
Zeta Bootis	3	Boo	Double Star	4.6, 4.5	0.8, 99 arcsec	20°			
Iota Cancr	i	Can	<b>Double Star</b>	4.2, 6.6	30.6 arcsec	73°			
M44 - Beeh	ive Cluster, Praese	oe Can	<b>Open Cluster</b>	3.7	95 arcmin	65°			
Eta Cassio	peiae - Achrid	Cas	<b>Double Star</b>	3.4, 7.5	13 arcsec	17°			
Delta Ceph	ei	Сер	Star	4		10°			
145 Canis I	Majoris - h3945	Cma	Double Star	4.8, 6.8	27 arcsec	17°			
<b>Beta Canis</b>	<b>Majoris - Murzim</b>	Cma	Star	2		15°			
Delta Canis	s Majoris - Wezen	Cma	Star	1.8		13°			
Eta Canis I	Majoris - Aludra	Cma	Star	2.4		12°			
Gamma Ca Muliphein	nis Majoris -	Cma	Star	4.1		22°			
M41		Cma	Open Cluster	4.5	38 arcmin	16°			
24 Comae l	Berenices	Con	Double Star	5.2, 6.7	20.3 arcsec	46°			
35 Comae l	Berenices	Con	Double Star	4.91	29 arcsec	45°			
Alpha Can Cor Caroli	um Venaticorum -	CVr	Double Star	2.9, 5.5	19.6 arcsec	53°			
Y Cvn - La	Superba	Cvn	Star	5		57°			
Nu Dracon	is	Dra	<b>Double Star</b>	4.88	63.4 arcsec	<b>20°</b>			
Alpha Gem	ninorum - Castor	Gen	Double Star	1.9, 2.9	4, 71 arcsec	63°			
M35 - Colli	inder 82	Gen	Open Cluster	5.3	28 arcmin	43°			
M13 - Hero	cules Cluster	Her	Globular Cluster	5.8	20 arcmin	14°			
M48		Hyd	<b>Open Cluster</b>	5.5	54 arcmin	39°			

Gamma Leporis		Lep	<b>Double S</b>	Star	3.7, 6.3	96 arcsec	6°		
19 Lyncis - Struve 1062		Lyn	Double S	Star	5.6	14.8 arcsec	64°		
Beta Monocerotis		Mon	Double Sta		4.7, 5.2	7.3, 10 arcsec	25°		
Caldwell 50		Mon	Open Clu	ster	4.8	24 arcmin	34°		
Christmas Tree - Cone No	ebula	Mon	Nebul		3.9	20 arcmin	39°		
M50		Mon	Open Clu	ster	5.9	16 arcmin	28°		
Beta Orionis - Rigel		Ori	Double S		0.1, 6.8	10 arcsec	12°		
Delta Orinis - Mintaka		Ori	Double S	Star	2.2, 6.3	53 arcsec	<b>20°</b>		
M42 - Orion Nebula		Ori	Nebul	a	4	65 arcmin	17°		
Sigma Orionis		Ori	Double S			13 arcsec	20°		
Theta Orionis - Trapeziu	m	Ori	Double S	Star	4, 6, 8	19 arcsec	17°		
Beta Perseus - Algol		Per	Double S		<b>21°</b>				
Double Cluster - Caldwel Chi Persei	l 14,	Per	Open Clu	ıster	3.7, 3.8	60 arcmin	25°		
M34		Per	Open Clu	ster	5.5	35 arcmin	18°		
M47			Open Clu	ster	5.2	30 arcmin	27°		
Aldebaran		Tau	Star		0.87		<b>21°</b>		
M45 - Pleiades, Seven Sis	ters	Tau	Open Clu	ıster	1.6	110 arcmin	17°		
Theta Tauri - in Hyades		Tau	Double S	Star	3.4, 3.8	300 arcsec	19°		
Zeta Ursae Majoris - Miz	eta Ursae Majoris - Mizar Uma D				2.3, 4.0	14 arcsec	<b>52°</b>		
Alpha Ursae Minoris - Po	Double S	Double Star 2.1, 9 18 arcsec			41°				
End of Listing: 42 of 134 Stars matched criteria									
Developer: Bruce Bream tarrow@roadrunner.com  Little Fish (Aur)									
RA: 5h 18m Mag(	(v): 4.5			Type	e: Open (	Cluster			
8		arcmin							
Distance: ly						284°			
More than a dozen stars in this cluster.									
kappa Bootes - Asellus Tertius (Boo)									
RA: 14h 14m Mag	g(v): 4.5,	, 6.6	Type:	oe: Double Star					
Dec: 51° 47' Sep:	: 13.4 ar				SP Class: A8IV				
Distance: 155 ly	PA: 236° El: 44° / Az: 53°					Az: 53°			
This is a double star viewable by a small telescope. It's traditional name,									

Asellus Tertius is Latin for 'third donkey colt'.						
	Zeta Bootis (Boo)					
RA: 14h 41m	Mag(v): 4.6, 4.5	T	ype: Double Star			
Dec: 13° 44'	Sep: 0.8, 99 arcse	c S	P Class: A3IVn			
Distance: 180 ly	Sep (AU): 44, 550	0 P.	A: 30, 254° El: 20° / Az: 89°			
A binary star system	m composed of tw	o giant	t stars orbiting each other every			
124 years.						
	Iota Ca	ancri (C	Can)			
RA: 8h 47m	Mag(v): 4.2, 6.6	T	ype: Double Star			
Dec: 28° 46'	Sep: 30.6 arcsec	S	P Class: G8II, A3V			
Distance: 298 ly	Sep (AU): 2785	P	A: 307° El: 73° / Az: 225°			
			orighter yellow giant and white,			
			out 200 times brighter than our			
			er 2500 AU and takes at least			
			is distance the brighter star would			
	seem as bright as our Moon. It is sometimes referred to as the "spring					
Albireo" due to the similar color contrast of the two stars.						
M44 - Beehive Cluster, Praesepe (Can)						
	Mag(v): 3.7	Ų Ž	: Open Cluster (NGC: 2632)			
Dec: 19° 59'	Size: 95 arcmin	SP CI	lass: A, F, G, K, M			
Distance: 525 ly			Low El: 65° / Az: 216°			
This is an open cluster containing over 1000 stars with a total mass of over						
500 Solar masses. The nebulous area can be seen without a telescope in a						
dark sky. It was recognized by the ancient Greeks and Chinese and studied						
by Galileo in 1609 where he resolved 40 stars. This cluster is estimated to be						
600 million years old. The center area of this cluster is about 23 light years						
across. Two planets orbiting separate stars were discoverd in 2012 by ground						
based telescopes. T	based telescopes. The Beehive is high over head during winter months.					
Eta Cassiopeiae - Achrid (Cas)						
	<b>Mag(v): 3.4, 7.5</b> T	<u> </u>				
	ep: 13 arcsec S		2			
Distance: 19.4 ly   Sep (AU): 76   PA: 317° Mag: 133x El: 17° / Az: 336°						
Achrid is a binary star system in the constellation Cassiopeia that is about 20						
light years from earth. The brighter star is similar to our Sun along with a						
dimmer magnitude 7 class K dwarf star. It was discovered in 1779 by Sir						

William Herschel who also discovered the planet Uranus in 1781. He was later appointed the private astronmer to the King of England in 1782.					
later appointed the private a					
Delta Cephei (Cep)					
RA: 22h 29m	Mag(v)	: 4	Type: Star		
Dec: 58° 25'			SP Class: F8, B7		
Distance: 887 ly			El: 10° / Az: 354°		
A binary star that is also a v	ariable	star. It var	ries from magnitude 3.48 to		
			tar is used to describe the class		
_	ariables	, that chan	ge brightness over a regular		
time period.					
		joris - h39			
<b>RA:</b> 7h 17m <b>Mag(v):</b> 4	.8, 6.8	Type: Dou	ıble Star		
Dec: -23° -19' Sep: 27 at	rcsec	SP Class:	K0, F0		
Distance: 385 ly		PA: 65° N	/lag: 50x El: 17° / Az: 214°		
Also known as the Winter Albireo. There is a bright orange star with a					
second white blue star.					
Beta Canis Majoris - Murzim (Cma)					
RA: 6h 23m Mag(v): 2 Type: Star					
Dec: -17° -57'	S		SP Class: B1		
Distance: 500 ly El: 15° / Az: 228°					
Murzim is a variable star varying from 1.95 to 2.00 over a six-hour period.					
Delta Canis Majoris - Wezen (Cma)					
RA: 7h 8m	Mag(v)	: 1.8	Type: Star		
Dec: -26° -24'			SP Class: F		
Distance: 1600 ly			El: 13° / Az: 215°		
A yellow-white F-type supergiant star about 230 times the size of the sun and					
17 times more mass. It has stopped fusing hydrogen in its core. Its outer					
envelope is beginning to expand and cool, and in the next 100,000 years it will					
become a red supergiant as its core fuses heavier elements. Once it has a core					
of iron, it will collapse and explode as a supernova.					
Eta Canis Majoris - Aludra (Cma)					
RA: 7h 24m	Mag(v)	: 2.4	Type: Star		
Dec: -29° -18'			SP Class: B5		
Distance: 2000 ly			El: 12° / Az: 210°		
A blue-white supergiant that is 80 times as bright as the sun. It will					

Gamma Canis Majoris - Muliphein (Cma)  RA: 7h 4m	eventually become a supernova in the next few million years.						
Dec: -15° -38' Distance: 402 ly A blue-white B-type bright giant star about 5 times the size of our sun.  M41 (Cma)  RA: 6h 46m Mag(v): 4.5 Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 2287)  Dec: -20° -44' Size: 38 arcmin Distance: 2.3k ly Mag: Low El: 16° / Az: 222°  This cluster covers an area about the size of the full moon. It contains about 100 stars including several red giants, one of which is the bright star at the center of the cluster.  24 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 35m Mag(v): 5.2, 6.7 Type: Double Star  Dec: 18° 23' Sep: 20.3 arcsec SP Class: K2III, A7  Distance: 614 ly Sep (AU): 3819 PA: 271° Mag: 50x El: 46° / Az: 109° The primary star is an orange giant with a blue secondary star. Given the large separation, this is likely an optical double star.  35 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 53m Mag(v): 4.91 Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15' Sep: 29 arcsec SP Class: G8III Distance: 324 ly A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star	G	amma Can	is Maj	joris -	Muli	phein (Cma)	
Distance: 402 ly  A blue-white B-type bright giant star about 5 times the size of our sun.  M41 (Cma)  RA: 6h 46m  Mag(v): 4.5  Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 2287)  Dec: -20° -44'  Size: 38 arcmin  Distance: 2.3k ly  Mag: Low El: 16° / Az: 222°  This cluster covers an area about the size of the full moon. It contains about 100 stars including several red giants, one of which is the bright star at the center of the cluster.  24 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 35m  Mag(v): 5.2, 6.7  Type: Double Star  Dec: 18° 23'  Sep: 20.3 arcsec  SP Class: K2III, A7  Distance: 614 ly  Sep (AU): 3819  PA: 271° Mag: 50x El: 46° / Az: 109°  The primary star is an orange giant with a blue secondary star. Given the large separation, this is likely an optical double star.  35 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 53m  Mag(v): 4.91  Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15'  Sep: 29 arcsec  SP Class: G8III  Distance: 324 ly  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m  Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5  Type: Double Star	RA: 7h 4m	Ma	ag(v):	4.1		Type: Star	
A blue-white B-type bright giant star about 5 times the size of our sun.  M41 (Cma)  RA: 6h 46m	Dec: -15° -38'					SP Class: B8	
RA: 6h 46m   Mag(v): 4.5   Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 2287)  Dec: -20° -44'   Size: 38 arcmin  Distance: 2.3k ly   Mag: Low El: 16° / Az: 222°  This cluster covers an area about the size of the full moon. It contains abou 100 stars including several red giants, one of which is the bright star at the center of the cluster.  24 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 35m   Mag(v): 5.2, 6.7   Type: Double Star  Dec: 18° 23'   Sep: 20.3 arcsec   SP Class: K2III, A7  Distance: 614 ly   Sep (AU): 3819   PA: 271° Mag: 50x El: 46° / Az: 109°  The primary star is an orange giant with a blue secondary star. Given the large separation, this is likely an optical double star.  35 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 53m   Mag(v): 4.91   Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15'   Sep: 29 arcsec   SP Class: G8III  Distance: 324 ly   PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101°  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m   Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5   Type: Double Star	Distance: 402 ly					El: 22° / Az: 221°	
RA: 6h 46m	A blue-white B-type	e bright gia	nt sta	r abou	ıt 5 ti	mes the size of our sun.	
Dec: -20° -44'  Distance: 2.3k ly  Mag: Low El: 16° / Az: 222°  This cluster covers an area about the size of the full moon. It contains abou 100 stars including several red giants, one of which is the bright star at the center of the cluster.  24 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 35m  Mag(v): 5.2, 6.7  Type: Double Star  Dec: 18° 23'  Sep: 20.3 arcsec SP Class: K2III, A7  Distance: 614 ly Sep (AU): 3819  PA: 271° Mag: 50x El: 46° / Az: 109°  The primary star is an orange giant with a blue secondary star. Given the large separation, this is likely an optical double star.  35 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 53m  Mag(v): 4.91  Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15'  Sep: 29 arcsec  SP Class: G8III  Distance: 324 ly  PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101°  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m  Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5  Type: Double Star							
Distance: 2.3k ly  Mag: Low El: 16° / Az: 222°  This cluster covers an area about the size of the full moon. It contains abou 100 stars including several red giants, one of which is the bright star at the center of the cluster.  24 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 35m  Mag(v): 5.2, 6.7  Type: Double Star  Dec: 18° 23'  Sep: 20.3 arcsec SP Class: K2III, A7  Distance: 614 ly Sep (AU): 3819  PA: 271° Mag: 50x El: 46° / Az: 109°  The primary star is an orange giant with a blue secondary star. Given the large separation, this is likely an optical double star.  35 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 53m  Mag(v): 4.91  Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15'  Sep: 29 arcsec SP Class: G8III  Distance: 324 ly  PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101°  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m  Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5  Type: Double Star	RA: 6h 46m	<b>Mag(v): 4.</b>	5	Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 2287)			
This cluster covers an area about the size of the full moon. It contains abou 100 stars including several red giants, one of which is the bright star at the center of the cluster.  24 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 35m Mag(v): 5.2, 6.7 Type: Double Star  Dec: 18° 23' Sep: 20.3 arcsec SP Class: K2III, A7  Distance: 614 ly Sep (AU): 3819 PA: 271° Mag: 50x El: 46° / Az: 109°  The primary star is an orange giant with a blue secondary star. Given the large separation, this is likely an optical double star.  35 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 53m Mag(v): 4.91 Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15' Sep: 29 arcsec SP Class: G8III  Distance: 324 ly PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101°  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star	Dec: -20° -44'	Size: 38 ar	cmin				
100 stars including several red giants, one of which is the bright star at the center of the cluster.  24 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 35m	Distance: 2.3k ly			Mag	g: Lov	w El: 16° / Az: 222°	
24 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 35m							
24 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 35m			giant	s, one	of wh	nich is the bright star at the	
RA: 12h 35m Mag(v): 5.2, 6.7 Type: Double Star  Dec: 18° 23' Sep: 20.3 arcsec SP Class: K2III, A7  Distance: 614 ly Sep (AU): 3819 PA: 271° Mag: 50x El: 46° / Az: 109°  The primary star is an orange giant with a blue secondary star. Given the large separation, this is likely an optical double star.  35 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 53m Mag(v): 4.91 Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15' Sep: 29 arcsec SP Class: G8III  Distance: 324 ly PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101°  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star	center of the cluster						
Dec: 18° 23' Sep: 20.3 arcsec SP Class: K2III, A7  Distance: 614 ly Sep (AU): 3819 PA: 271° Mag: 50x El: 46° / Az: 109°  The primary star is an orange giant with a blue secondary star. Given the large separation, this is likely an optical double star.  35 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 53m Mag(v): 4.91 Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15' Sep: 29 arcsec SP Class: G8III  Distance: 324 ly PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101°  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star	24 Comae Berenices (Com)						
Distance: 614 ly Sep (AU): 3819 PA: 271° Mag: 50x El: 46° / Az: 109° The primary star is an orange giant with a blue secondary star. Given the large separation, this is likely an optical double star.  35 Comae Berenices (Com) RA: 12h 53m Mag(v): 4.91 Type: Double Star Dec: 21° 15' Sep: 29 arcsec SP Class: G8III Distance: 324 ly PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101° A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn) RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star	RA: 12h 35m M	ag(v): 5.2, 6.7 Typ			pe: Double Star		
The primary star is an orange giant with a blue secondary star. Given the large separation, this is likely an optical double star.  35 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 53m Mag(v): 4.91 Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15' Sep: 29 arcsec SP Class: G8III  Distance: 324 ly PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101°  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star		p: 20.3 arcsec SP Class: K2III, A7					
large separation, this is likely an optical double star.  35 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 53m Mag(v): 4.91 Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15' Sep: 29 arcsec SP Class: G8III  Distance: 324 ly PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101°  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star	Distance: 614 ly   Sep (AU): 3819   PA: 271°   Mag: 50x   El: 46° / Az: 109°						
35 Comae Berenices (Com)  RA: 12h 53m Mag(v): 4.91 Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15' Sep: 29 arcsec SP Class: G8III  Distance: 324 ly PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101°  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star							
RA: 12h 53m Mag(v): 4.91 Type: Double Star  Dec: 21° 15' Sep: 29 arcsec SP Class: G8III  Distance: 324 ly PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101°  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star	large separation, this is likely an optical double star.						
Dec: 21° 15'  Sep: 29 arcsec  PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 101°  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m  Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5  Type: Double Star							
Distance: 324 ly  A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m  Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5  Type: Double Star	RA: 12h 53m	Mag(v):	4.91	T	ype: 1	Double Star	
A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.  Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)  RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star	Dec: 21° 15' Sep: 29 arcsec SP Class: G8III						
Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn) RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star	Distance: 324 ly PA: 144° El: 45° / Az: 10			4° El: 45° / Az: 101°			
RA: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5 Type: Double Star	A double star with a giant yellow G8 class star.						
	Alpha Canum Venaticorum - Cor Caroli (CVn)						
	RA: 12h 56m	A: 12h 56m Mag(v): 2.9, 5.5			Type	e: Double Star	
Sep. 17.0 arcsec SI Class. A0, Bop to A7p							
Distance: 114 ly Sep (AU): 655 PA: 229° El: 53° / Az: 78°							
Cor Caroli is a favorite of amateur astronomers. It is the brighter star of a							
binary system. The two stars are easy to see in a small telescope even thoug							
they are separated by about 650 AU. There is a slight color difference							
between the two with one reddish and the other blue. The brighter star is 60							
times brighter than our sun. Cor Caroli also varies in spectral brightness							
over a period of 5.5 days. It is believed there is a strong magnetic field that produces starspots of enormous extent causing the change in brightness as							
produces starspots of enormous extent causing the change in brightness as	produces starspots (	or choranot	is exte			the change in Drightness as	

the stars rotate. The star was named after King Charles of England in 1660. Cor Caroli means "Charles Heart." Y Cvn - La Superba (Cvn) RA: 12h 45m **Mag(v): 5** Type: Star Dec: 45° 26' SP Class: C Distance: 711 ly El: 57° / Az: 67° This is a variable star whose brightness varies from a magnitude of 4.8 to 6.3 over a period of 160 days. This star is a bright, red giant "carbon star" with a surface temperature of about 2800K. Near the end of its life, carbon compounds migrate to the outer layer of the star and absorb the shorter wavelength blue light thus giving it such a red color. The radius of this star is about 2 AU which would be from our Sun to beyond the orbit of Mars. Nu Draconis (Dra) RA: 17h 32m Mag(v): 4.88 Type: Double Star Sep: 63.4 arcsec SP Class: A6, A4 Distance: 99 ly | Sep (AU): 1900 | PA: 312° | Mag: 10-50x | EI: 20° / Az: 33° A double star, with nearly equal magnitudes, and a 44,000 year rotation period. Alpha Geminorum - Castor (Gem) Mag(v): 1.9, 2.9 Type: Double Star RA: 7h 35m Sep: 4, 71 arcsec **SP Class: A0IV** Sep (AU): 60, PA: 61, 164° Mag: 50-100x El: 63° / Az: Distance: 52 Discovered as a visual binary in 1678, there are three visible stars that orbit with period of 19 hours and 10 days. Each of the two stars are also an eclipsing binary system. A nearby binary system is also gravitationally linked making this a sextuple star system. M35 - Collinder 82 (Gem) **RA:** 6h 9m Mag(v): 5.3 Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 2168) Dec: 24° 21' Size: 28 arcmin Distance: 2800 ly Mag: Low El: 43° / Az: 266° This open cluster is next to NGC 2158, a globular cluster, and makes for a double treat. M13 - Hercules Cluster (Her) RA: 16h 42m Mag(v): 5.8 Type: Globular Cluster (NGC: 6205)

Dec: 36° 28'	ze: 20 arcmin			
Distance: 25k ly		Mag: Low El: 14° / Az: 53°		
M13 is one of the be	st examples of a	globular cluster with more than 100,000		
stars.				
	M	48 (Hyd)		
RA: 8h 14m	Mag(v): 5.5	Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 2548)		
Dec: -5° -48'	Size: 54 arcmin			
Distance: 1500 ly		Mag: Low El: 39° / Az: 208°		
This open cluster ha	s about 80 stars	greater than magnitude 13. This cluster		
is about 300 million	years old.			
	Gamma	Leporis (Lep)		
RA: 5h 44m M:	ag(v): 3.7, 6.3	Type: Double Star		
Dec: -22° -27' Se		globular cluster with more than 100,000  88 (Hyd)  Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 2548)  Mag: Low El: 39° / Az: 208° greater than magnitude 13. This cluster  Leporis (Lep) Type: Double Star  SP Class: F6V PA: 350° Mag: 7x El: 6° / Az: 233° a good color contrast and wide y and mass of only 1.3 times the Sun's P NASA Terrestrial Plant Finder mission.  Struve 1062 (Lyn) Type: Double Star P Class: B4V PA: 315° Mag: 100x El: 64° / Az: 313°  ocerotis (Mon) Type: Double Star SP Class: B3Ve PA: 132, 124° Mag: 50x El: 25° / Az: 234° ar as a curved line of three pale blue stars ell 50 (Mon) Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 2244)  El: 34° / Az: 242° la.		
Distance: 29 ly Se	p (AU): 863	PA: 350° Mag: 7x El: 6° / Az: 233°		
j ,		a good color contrast and wide		
		ty and mass of only 1.3 times the Sun's		
mass and was a prin	nary focus of the	e NASA Terrestrial Plant Finder mission.		
19 Lyncis - Struve 1062 (Lyn)				
<b>RA:</b> 7h 23m M	ag(v): 5.6	Гуре: Double Star		
Dec: 55° 17' Se	p: 14.8 arcsec	SP Class: B4V		
Distance: 468 ly		PA: 315° Mag: 100x El: 64° / Az: 313°		
A blue double star.				
Beta Monocerotis (Mon)				
RA: 6h 29m Mag	(v): 4.7, 5.2	Type: Double Star		
Dec: -7° -2' Sep:		SP Class: B3Ve		
	(AU): 1545,	PA: 132, 124° Mag: 50x El: 25° / Az:		
ly 2117		234°		
A triple star system. The stars appear as a curved line of three pale blue stars				
Caldwell 50 (Mon)				
RA: 6h 32m	Mag(v): 4.8	Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 2244)		
Dec: 4° 56'	Size: 24 arcmin			
Distance: 5200 ly		El: 34° / Az: 242°		
An open cluster in the Rosette Nebula.				
Christmas Tree - Cone Nebula (Mon)				
RA: 6h 41m	Mag(v): 3.9	Type: Nebula (NGC: 2264)		

A very young open cluster with 150 members					
M50 (Mon)					
<b>RA:</b> 7h 3m	Mag(v): 5.9	Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 2323)			
Dec: -8° -20'	Size: 16 arcmin				
Distance: 3200 ly		El: 28° / Az: 226°			
This open cluster is a	about 3,200 light y	ears from earth with a diameters of			
about 20 light years					
	Beta Orionis	s - Rigel (Ori)			
RA: 5h 15m Ma	ag(v): 0.1, 6.8 Ty	pe: Double Star			
Dec: -8° -12' Sej	o: 10 arcsec SP	Class: B8Ia			
Distance: 773 ly Sep	o (AU): 2250 PA	: 202° Mag: 100x El: 12° / Az: 248°			
		the constellation Orion. At 854 light			
		in the Earth's sky, where it shines at an			
		gel is a component of a multiple-star			
		hat varies between magntitudes 0.17			
and 0.22 over a period of 2.07 days.					
Delta Orinis - Mintaka (Ori)					
	Mag(v): 2.2, 6.3	Type: Double Star			
Dec: 0° -18'	:: 0° -18' Sep: 53 arcsec SP Class: O9.5II, B0.5II				
Distance: 690 ly		Mag: 10x El: 20° / Az: 251°			
		Arabic. It is the rightmost of the three			
belt stars in Orion. A	A magnitude 7 star	r orbits it on 5.7 day period.			
	M42 - Orion	Nebula (Ori)			
RA: 5h 35m	<b>Mag(v): 4</b>	Type: Nebula (NGC: 1976)			
Dec: -5° -27'	Size: 65 arcmin				
Distance: 1300 ly Mag: Low El: 17° / Az: 246°					
	One of the brightest and most photographed nebula it is visible to the naked				
eye. It is a treat through binoculars or a small telescope. The Orion Nebula					
contains a very young open cluster, known as the Trapezium due to the					
asterism of its primary four stars. Two of these can be resolved into their					
component binary systems on nights with good seeing, giving a total of six					
	e Trapezium, alon	g with many other stars, are still in			
their early years.					

Size: 20 arcmin

El: 39° / Az: 244°

Dec: 9° 53' Distance: 2600 ly

Sigma Orionis (Ori)						
RA: 5h 39m Mag(v): 4.0, 7.5,6.			Type: Double Star			
Dec: -2° -36'	Sep: 13 arcsec	o: 13 arcsec		Class: O9, B0, A2, B2		
Distance: 1148 ly	Sep (AU): 90		Mag	g: 50x El: 20° / Az: 248°		
Quintuple star syste	em					
	Theta Orionia	s - Trap	eziun	n (Ori)		
RA: 5h 35m Mag	g(v): 4, 6, 8	Type: D	Гуре: Double Star			
Dec: -5° -23' Sep:	: 19 arcsec	SP Class: B, O				
Distance: 1600 Sep	(AU): 5111,	PA: 31,	132,	96° Mag: 100x El: 17° / Az:		
ly  1250		246°				
				Great Orion Nebula, M42.		
				s stellar nursery at roughly		
300,000 years old. F						
	Beta Perso			,		
RA: 3h 8m	<b>Mag(v): 2.1</b>			Type: Double Star		
Dec: 40° 57'				SP Class: B8V, K0		
Distance: 93 ly Sep (AU): 0.0				El: 21° / Az: 307°		
An eclipsing binary star dropping from magnitude 2.1 to 3.4 about every 2.8						
days.						
	ble Cluster - Ca					
			Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 869, 884)			
	Size: 60 arcmin					
· ·				culars El: 25° / Az: 326°		
This open cluster has over 300 blue-white super-giant stars in each cluster.						
M34 (Per)						
		Type	Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 1039)			
Dec: 42° 46'						
Distance: 1500 ly	Mag: Low El: 18° / Az: 312°					
This loose open cluster contains about 20 brighter stars.						
M47 (Pup)						
RA: 7h 37m	Mag(v): 5.2	Type	Type: Open Cluster (NGC: 2422)			
Dec: -14° -30'	Size: 30 arcmin					
Distance: 1600 ly		Mag	Lov	v El: 27° / Az: 214°		
This open cluster of about 50 stars has two bright orange giant stars that						
contrast with the other blue/white stars.						

Aldebaran (Tau)					
RA: 4h 36m	Mag(v):	0.87		Type: Star	
Dec: 16° 31'		SP Class: K5III			
Distance: 65 ly				El: 21° / Az: 274°	
This orange giant is	one of the bri	ghtest s	stars in	the night sky.	
M45 - Pleiades, Seven Sisters (Tau)					
RA: 3h 47m	Mag(v): 1.6	v): 1.6 Type: Open Cluster			
Dec: 24° 7'	Size: 110 arcn	nin	SP Cla	ass: B	
Distance: 444 ly			Mag: I	Eyes El: 17° / Az: 288°	
One of the nearest s	tar clusters to	Earth	and mo	ost obvious to the naked eye it	
				round the world. A faint	
reflection nebulosity	y is seen aroun	d the s	tars fro	m interstellar dust.	
	Theta Tau	ıri - in 1	Hyades	(Tau)	
RA: 4h 29m	Mag(v): 3.4, 3.8	8 Typ	e: Dou	ble Star	
Dec: 15° 52'	Sep: 300 arcsec	e SP	Class:	K0, A7	
Distance: 154 ly Mag: naked eye El: 19° / Az: 274°					
A white class A giant star next to a dimmer orange type K. The brighter star					
varies in magnitude	from 3.35 to 3	3.4 over	a peri	od of 1.8 hours.	
	Zeta Ursae I	Majoris	s - Miza	ır (Uma)	
RA: 13h 24m Mag	(ag(v): 2.3, 4.0 Type: Double Star				
Dec: 54° 56' Sep:	14 arcsec SP Class: A1V, A5V				
Distance: 83 ly Sep	(AU): 345, 16	PA: 152	2, 71° N	Mag: 10-50x El: 52° / Az: 50°	
				system that is 80 light years	
				Bear, otherwise known as the	
				of the handle of the Big	
				es as a test of your eyesight if	
				is itself a double star, though	
				analysis shows Mizar has two	
additional stars and Alcor has three. Spectroscopy gives us the color					
spectrum of each star which astronomers can use to determine if it is coming from a single star or more than one. You are really looking at a total of seven					
<u> </u>	r more than of	re. You	are rea	my looking at a total of seven	
stars.  Alpha Ursae Minoris - Polaris (Umi)					
D. A. 01. 22					
	lag(v): 2.1, 9		Doubl		
	ep: 18 arcsec		ass: F7		
Distance: 325 ly  Se	ep (AU): 2430	<b>PA: 2</b>	18° Ma	ag: 50x El: 41° / Az: 359°	

